Medical.

R. J. C. YOUNG,

ical and Surgical

INSTITUTE.

NSULTATI N, IN ALL CAS-
ES, FREE
RES GUARANTEED, OR NO
PAY REQUIRED.
ANY CASES WHERE CONFI-
DENCE IS REQUIRED THE
UTMOST SECRECY MAIN-
TAINED.

e above rules, established
r. J. C. Young in 1850,
which have done so much
ure the reputation of this
tute, are still adhered to,
ding those in need of
cal aid, the certainty of
and the utmost confidence.
re is nothing of so great
rtance to the sick as to
where to find a physi-
whose skill and humanity
ssurance of proper and
ate treatment. The Doc-
ould respectfully call the
tion of those of both sexes
are suffering or in trouble
e invariable success that
marked the career of the
tute in the seventeen years
and 12 Co.

s unnecessary in this con-
n to enumerate all the
plaints treated at the In-
e, but the Doctor feels it
uty to call especial atten-
to that terrible scourge,
MINAL WEAKNESS,
t is sapping with its in-
ions the very life of its
ms in the treatment and
of which the Institute has
so enviable a reputa-

READ! READ

ure that by dwelling upon so uninviting a sub
decay of manly vigor through the loss of the
ive of life, the ignorant may suppose my mo-
ive is to pocket out of the pockets of those who, by
ance, fall victims to base deception. How ab-
surd this! A case of Seminal Weakness is no
practical joke, and the devotee to this practice
ust suffer the penalty of his folly. Besides, the
ublication of the following list of the names and
residences of the sufferers, who have been
ored by the Institute, is sufficient evidence of
ts skill in the treatment of this class of diseases.
ese persons have imparted the secret of their
ess to others, and are daily called upon to intro-
them, thereby affording evidence, beyond the
ility of the afflicted to the fact that he has
ed the services of a regular graduate of the
ege of Obstetrics and Female Disease who is
ly qualified to administer in all cases
ing such delicate, yet important, medical assist-
ce in a safe, speedy, permanent and scientific
ner. No case undertaken by the Institute is
ver abandoned as incurable, but is brought
ough a course of study and practice peculiar to
elf, adapted to the requirements of the various
plaints and private troubles—can make, to any
ty of the afflicted, unexceptionable or
ntific cures. Families can rely upon him as one
hom they can trust with implicit confidence in
his skill to cure, and in him as one who can feel
pathize with and befriend them in trouble. As
to the utmost confidence can be placed
by letter or otherwise, free. Correspondence
ed, and remedies prescribed to the sat-
ion of patients, where desired, when accom-
nied by a remittance of the amount of the fees.
The most skillful and and faithful nurses

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ons the very life of its
ms in the treatment and
of which the Institute has
so enviable a reputa-

AFFLICTED WITH VE-
REAL.

ny years since the establishment
of cases of venereal that have
ed unnoticed by any
ician, the cure that has invariably marked
treatment,

Mercury or other Deleterious
Drugs,

olutely the use of these to be not only un-
ry, but positively injurious, as the blood,
ich all diseases of the kind, is purified by
Nature herself, and all that those
ring from the use of any drug,
the kind, ruin the constitution and destroy

e is a cure in recent cases, in a few days,
ility in curing those of long duration,
the patient to such treatment as will
the slightest complaint or obliging him to
by disease or without. The
ged. Cures always guaranteed.

READ! READ

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The most skillful and and faithful nurses

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VIII PORTLAND, OREGON: FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1868. NO. 106

The Daily Oregonian.

GEORGE L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance or $5 for six months; $3 for three months.

ADVERTISING at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily will be published every Thursday morning and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum. $2 for six months, $1 for three months in advance.

Any discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—No 5 Washington street one door from Front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 529 Washington St., San Francisco.

Business Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 85 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs.)
Residence—North Fourth street,
Between Band C dawtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMŒOPATHIST,

THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his office, on Fourth street fronting the Public Square. Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.

Portland, Jan 10, 1864 dtf

AYER HOGAN R. P. SHATTUCK

LOGAN & SHATTUCK,
Attorneys-at-Law,
No. 108 Front St., (up-stairs),
PORTLAND, OREGON
dtm

CHARLES W. PARRISH
Notary Public & Commissioner of Deeds

CIBBS & PARRISH,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW
PORTLAND, OREGON
OFFICE On Alder Street in Carter's New Brick Block
augl6dtf

J. B. UNDERWOOD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EUGENE CITY OREGON
mh8dtf

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
CORVALLIS, OREGON dtf

GEORGE H. BELDEN,
CIVIL ENGINEER, CITY SURVEYOR,
OFFICE NO. 12 CARTER'S BUILDING, CORNER
of Second and Alder Streets. Entrance on Alder St.
Portland, August 5th, 1867 dtf

D. W. LICHTENTHALER
LICHTENTHALER & LICHTENTHALER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
PORTLAND, OREGON
WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO PRO-
bate and Collection Agency. Collections promptly
made and remitted. ac28dtf

CHAS. A. SMALL
Business, Collecting Agency
AND
Intelligence Office,
HELENA, M. T.

J. X. BEIDLER & CO.,
WILL PROMPTLY ATTEND TO ALL BUSINESS
entrusted to them, make collections in any part of the Territory, give information upon any subject as to rates, Parties wishing business attended to will address with stamp LOCK BOX 26, nov7dtf

DALY & STEVENS,
GENERAL AGENTS,
Front Street, Portland, Oregon,
(Over the Franklin Book Store.)
WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE
collecting and Quieting of Accounts Bills and
Negotiating Inland Bills, Effecting Loans, Sell-
ing of Real Estate, House Renting and to the
transaction of business in all its branches.
DALY. WARD S. STEVENS,
Notary Public

S. W. CORBETT & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
AMERICAN AND ENGLISH
HARDWARE,
No. 51 First St., Corner of Oak,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

MRS. M. A. THOMSON,
Physician and Eclectic Physician.
DISEASES, GENERALLY AND ESPE-
cially such as Deafness, Goitre, Paralysis, Glandular
Swellings, Neuralgia, Scrofula, and all
Diseases of the Skin, treated successfully
by the Electric Battery connecting
with the body, without asking questions.
Arrangements made for a limited number of
patients to be furnished
Medicines will be attended to in any part of the city
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—No 81 THIRD STREET,
Between M. Church Portland, Oregon
June 3d, 1868 dtf

M. KEELER,
COMMISSION AND N. W. COMMISSION
AGENCY,
No. 54 WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY
BUYING AND SHIPPING DIRECT AND FOR
Sale of Exports
and Sale of Imports respectfully solicited
Special Rate of Commission to Oregon
Bills of Lading and Deeds for Oregon ap30dtf

HERMAN & MURPHY
DEALERS IN
FAMILY GROCERIES,
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES,
Cor. Washington and Third Sts.,
(In the Presbyterian Church),
PORTLAND, OREGON
Delivered to all parts of the city FREE OF
CHARGE. ap8dtf

CHAS. HOPKINS,
(Late of O. W. FAUGHN,)
DEALER IN
Hardware & Cutlery,
IRON AND STEEL,
Also, Miners' and Mechanics'
TOOLS, PLOWS,
REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS
AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY,
No. 116 Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,
PORTLAND, OREGON dtf

IF THERE IS A FLORENCE SEWING
Machine within one thousand miles
of San Francisco that is not giving en-
tire satisfaction, if I am informed of it,
it will be attended to promptly, without
charge or expense of any kind
whatever.
SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
111 Montgomery street,
San Francisco.

IF YOU WANT TO PAY ALIMONY,
or female in trouble or afflicted with [illegible] and
want professional assistance, the inquiry should
be made of an physician competent to administer
to the ... trouble standing in society will re-
fer to the consciences of the community! The
undersigned have imparted to many thous-
ands of the afflicted to the fact that he has
been for years, and is called upon to intro-
duce them to the profession of the Obstetrics and Female Disease of the city
and is fully qualified to administer in all cases
requiring such delicate, yet important, medical assist-
ance in a safe, speedy, permanent and scientific
manner, as years of study and practice
in hospitals and private families—can make, to any
extent of the afflicted, unexceptionable or
scientific cures. Families can rely upon him as one
in whom they can trust with implicit confidence in
his skill to cure, and in him as one who can feel
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DR. J. C. YOUNG,
Medical and Surgical Institute,
No. 536 Washington Street
San Francisco, Cal.

Any one who contemplates visiting the Institute, will please cut out the following and use it as a guide

DR. J. C. YOUNG,
Medical and Surgical Institute,
No. 536 Washington Street
San Francisco, Cal.

Miscellaneous.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,
(IN CONNECTION WITH M. FRIEDMAN)
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS
IN
STOVES, FURNACES AND RANGES,
TIN PLATE,
SHEET IRON GALVANIZED SHEET IRON ZINC
Sheet Lead Pipe Traps and Plumbers Copper
Work Tinners Tools and Tin Plate Plumbers Tools and Tin
Pipe, Rubber Hose and Connections Hydraulic Pipe
Nozzles and Reels Iron Tools Machine and Blacksmiths
Tools and Supplies Agricultural Implements and Mill
Hardware.
Importing our goods principally Direct from the Manufacturers enables us to offer inducements to the Trade second to none.
Agents for CHILTON & MORLAND'S SAFES and Fetter's LEVANT IMPROVED FORCE PUMPS for Manufacturers and Miners use.
No. 74 Front Street,
In Iron Safe Company's Fire Proof Block
Portland Oregon

SALEM FLOURING MILL!
THIS MILL HAVING BEEN ENTIRELY REBUILT
and with the latest and most improved MACHINERY is now running to its full capacity, and is prepared to fill all orders promptly for
DOUBLE EXTRA,
EXTRA and
SUPERFINE FLOUR,
and will exchange for wheat at the highest market rates. We also manufacture Oat Meal, and Chop, ready for
Family and Bakers' use.
We are also selling Agents for such other articles as the ordinary capacity of this Mill can spare room for. Our entire flouring Mill establishment is under the superintendence of JOHN A. WOODWARD late of the Governor Mill, St. Paul, and under whose charge the same will be kept reliable.
Orders will be received at the Mill or by
McCRACKEN, MERRILL & CO
SHIP AGENTS IN PORTLAND
W. W. MANUFACTURING CO.
L. F. GROVER, Agent
Salem, Oregon, Jan 6th 1868 ja6dtf

OREGON
IRON WORKS!
South Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON
HAVE FACILITIES FOR TURNING OUT FIRST
class work equal to any establishment on the Coast
Engines & Boilers,
Planing & Saw Mills,
Quartz Mills,
and all kinds of castings and Machinery made to order.
H. BLOOMFIELD W. R. LEVERIDGE
Superintendent President
Portland May 14th 1868 dtf

GEO. T. CASEBOLT & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
Hard Wood Lumber,
ALL KINDS OF
CARRIAGE & WAGON MATERIALS,
COACH TRIMMINGS & COACH HARDWARE,
24 & 26 Beale St., near intersection of Line & Market,
SAN FRANCISCO CAL

WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING NEW AD-
ditions to our Stock carefully selected in the Eastern Markets, which we offer at the LOWEST CASH RATES. my14dtf

Excelsior Soda Works
D. BIGLEY & CO.,
DEPOSITERS AND DEALERS IN
ENGLISH ALE & PORTER,
SODA WATER,
GINGER POP, CHAMPAGNE CIDER,
SPRUCE BEER &c
No. 4 North Front Street,
PORTLAND OREGON dtf

NEW BOOK BINDERY!
112 Front Street, Portland,
(Nearly Up-stairs—Next to Book Store.)
GEO. W. VOLLUM,
BOOK BINDER, PAPER RULER,
AND BLANK-BOOK MANUFACTURER,
BLANK BOOKS MADE TO ORDER AND RULED
to any desired pattern. NEWSPAPERS, MAGAZINES, MUSIC AND BOOKS &c. Bound in any style, AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES. mh17dtf

NEW ARRANGEMENT!
WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS
TO OLYMPIA AND VICTORIA
will be kept at the
EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY THE
O. S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS TO MONTICELLO
THENCE BY C. GRAINGER'S STAGES TO OLYMPIA,
Carrying Treasure Freight and Packages
FOR THE PRESENT OUR RATES ON EAST
FREIGHT will be as follows:
To Olympia, 10 cents per pound.
To Victoria, 12 cents per pound.
Freight will be received by the Company's Steamer on
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Shippers are requested to furnish detailed invoices of packages intended for Victoria.
For further information inquire at the office.
WELLS FARGO & CO
Portland March 21 1868 mh24dtf

PORTLAND
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,
Second Street between Alder and Morrison
PORTLAND OREGON
MONNASTEN & GOULDING
ARE PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE OR REPAIR
Quartz Mills, Steam Engines, Saw Mill, Flour Mill, as well as AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY. my15dtf

OREGON SEED STORE.
FRESH AND GENUINE SEEDS
OF ALL KINDS
At Wholesale and Retail.
FRUIT AND SHADE TREES,
FLOWERS AND SHRUBS.
Orders left at the Store will be promptly filled
my13dtf RICHARDS & CHATFIELD.

Printing Paper
FOR SALE.
THE FOLLOWING SIZES CONSTANTLY KEPT on hand:
18x46 24x30.
28x42 24x36.
30x40 30x34.
Also, 400 lbs NEWSINK, in all sizes
HENRY L. PITTOCK
No 5 Washington Street Portland

POWDER AND SHOT,
For sale by H. W. CORBETT & CO

Banking and Insurance.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE—9 EAST INDIA AVENUE LEADEN HALL STREET LONDON
BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA SCOTLAND & IRELAND
DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies. Approved bills negotiated or collected. Interest allowed on Deposits.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager
Portland April 10 1867 dtf

FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND,
Depository of the United States,
No. 72 Front street (up-stairs),
SPLIT HOTH
COIN AND CURRENCY EXCHANGE
On San Francisco and the Atlantic States.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN AND CURRENCY
Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Coin
LEGAL TENDER NOTES BOUGHT AND SOLD
U. S. REVENUE STAMPS FOR SALE
OFFICE HOURS From 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
nov1dtf

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS,
PORTLAND OREGON
WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO COLLEC-
tions and all other business appertaining to Banking
SIGHT AND TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE
On San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale
Government Securities bought and sold. au6dawtf

THE MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE CO OF NEW YORK
Incorporated, 1842.
ASSETS $45,000,000 CASH
PURELY MUTUAL! NO STOCKHOLDERS!
DIVIDENDS PAID ONE YEAR FROM DATE OF POLICY
POLICIES NON FORFEITABLE. BUSINESS CASH
Statutes, Bills and other first class Securities are
Insurance Reports issued by Insurance Commissioners
from eastern returns made by respective Companies
BUTLER & HEATH,
Agents for Oregon and the Territories
OFFICE Cor. Front and Stark streets
my14dtf Portland Oregon

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.,
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS. Full terms
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD President
CHARLES D. HAVEN Secretary
BUTLER & HEATH
Agents for Oregon,
Office—Corner of Front and Stark Sts
Portland May 1 1868 dtf

L. C. HENRICHSEN,
(Successor to J. COHEN)
No. 105 Front Street,
Has just received a Large and Well Selected Supply
OF
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES!
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY,
Solid Silver and Plated Ware.
AGENT FOR
BOHM'S IMPROVED PATENT LADIES BUCKLE
A NEW INVENTION which for DURABILITY SIMPLICITY and ELEGANCE is unequalled.
Watches & Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.
Particular attention paid to
DIAMOND SETTING, ENGRAVING, and Burning Ring.
Call and see and you will find it for your advantage to deal with him. jn1dtf

8,000 PAIRS
BOOTS, SHOES,
HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED
AT THE
PHILADELPHIA BOOT STORE!
Comprising
Ladies high heel Gaiters, Ladies goat, cow and calf styles Ties, Gaiters and Slippers, Misses and Children's high heel Boots, Oxford Ties, Serge Ties, Prince Albert, Home Ball Shoes, Fancy Slippers, Also—Boys, Misses and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers. In fact everything intended for the understanding we claim are prepared to sell at the lowest living prices.
KAST & CAHALIN,
112 Front street,
Opposite McCormick's Block Store Portland Oregon
April 21 dtf

F. S. STEWART C. B. COURLEY
STEWART & COURLEY,
No. 109 Front Street,
PORTLAND OREGON,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS
AND DEALERS IN
Clocks, Watches and Jeweler's Goods.
Agents for the AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY. Also for Wheeler & Wilson's Celebrated
Sewing Machines.
ap15dtf

Notice
FROM THIS DATE CHAS H WOODARD,
Druggist 114 Front street will be the
SOLE AGENT FOR OUR PATENT MEDICINES
Idaho Territory and Retail trade
HENLEY'S ROYAL BALSAM, LIVER REGULATOR
AGUE CURE TONIC FOUNTAIN & FIFE
and all Dr. Henley's Medicines
L. GROSS, Proprietor
Portland April 9th 1868 3m

Steamers.

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S
NOTICE.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE UNTIL FURTHER notice the
STEAMER
ALERT
WILL LEAVE THE COMPANY'S DOCK PORTLAND,
EVERY DAY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED),
FOR OREGON CITY,
At 6 o'clock A. M. Connecting with Steamers
RELIANCE and FANNIE PATTON,
MONDAY TUESDAY THURSDAY AND FRIDAY
of each week for
SALEM, ALBANY AND CORVALLIS
and with
STEAMER UNION
ON
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY
of each week for
DAYTON LAFAYETTE AND M'MINNVILLE
Nov 12 1867 A. A. McCLELLAN,
dtf Gen'l T. P. Co

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL LEAVE PORT-
land for
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR UMATILLA AND WALLULA—Monday Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR LEWISTON—Every Friday at 6 A. M.
RETURNING—Leave Wallula on Monday Wednesday and Friday at Umatilla.
FOR ASTORIA Monday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR MONTICELLO—Daily (Sundays excepted) Monday Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M. Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 6 o'clock A. M.
NOTE—BOATS FOR TRANSPORTATION OF STOCK at reasonable rates. Inquire of
J. C. AINSWORTH,
Portland Nov 5 1867 Gen'l Sup't O. S. N. Co

NORTH AMERICAN S. S COMPANY
OPPOSITION
TO NEW YORK VIA PANAMA,
FIFTH AND TWENTIETH OF EVERY MONTH
The North American Steamship Co will dispatch their
Fast New Steamer
NEVADA,
3,000 TONS,
J. R. KELLY Commander
FOR PANAMA,
From Miss'n St Wharf at 12 o'clock noon
ON SATURDAY, JUNE 20TH, 1868,
Connecting via PANAMA RAILROAD at Aspinwall with the Splendid New Steamship
GUIDING STAR 2000 TONS
FOR NEW YORK.
160 LBS BAGGAGE FREE AN EXPERIENCED SURGEON and Stewardess on board. Meals at Latter Rates. All Steamers touch and call at Manzanillo each way. Freight and passage at reduced rates.
Passage Tickets to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Havre, Bremen and Antwerp by the Liverpool and Great Western Royal Mail Steamships, and elegant new Steamships constantly leaving.
Passage from Hong Kong, Yokohama and Hakodadi by Pacific Steamers of the North German Lloyd at reduced rates.
The Pacific Mail Steamship Company not being connected with, or responsible for the losses of the Fourth Mail Steamship on the Steamer Golden State.
For REMITTANCES and DRAFTS on Europe, China and Japan apply to
J. W. RAYMOND Agent,
No. 8 Corner of Line and Battery Streets
jn1dtf San Francisco

WATERHOUSE & LESTER,
IMPORTERS OF
Hard Wood Lumber,
CARRIAGE AND WAGON
MATERIALS,
Have Purchased the Stock and Business of
ROBT. H. LAW,
Corner of First and Pine streets,
PORTLAND OREGON
AND WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A full and complete assortment of
OAK, ASH AND HICKORY PLANK AND SCANTLING,
HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, RIMS,
BENT POLES, SHAFTS, ETC.
Which they will sell at the very lowest rates for cash or approved paper. Also, Black Walnut lumber, carefully selected for the Eastern market. Merchants can find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
We offer during the COMING SEASON the LOWEST CASH PRICES.
WATERHOUSE & LESTER
C. WATERHOUSE J. W. LESTER
San Francisco my 11m New York

PORTLAND
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING
ESTABLISHMENT,
No 110 First Street.
ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—
Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,
Copper Tin and Zinc Lined Bath Tubs,
Square and Angular Black Wash Counter Sink
Marble Wash Stands;
Cold, and Hot and COMBINATION SHOWERS
SILVER PLATED BASIN COCKS,
MARBLE WASH BASINS
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS
HYDRAULIC RAMS
NON FREEZING HYDRANTS
WATER CLOSETS &c &c
Persons wishing to introduce Cold or Hot and Cold Water into their premises either Halls or Ornamental, will do well to give us a call.
Portland Jan 21 1868 C. H. MYERS.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS,
Take Notice.
JUST RECEIVED A SMALL LOT OF THE CELE-
brated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Gauges.
Also the Largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON TUBES from ¼ to 4 inch inside diameter; BRASS COCKS, T'S, ELBOWS AND TURN HENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS &c
Constantly on hand STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GUAGES, WATER GUAGES, GLOBE AND STOP VALVES, THROTTLE AND CHECK VALVES, GUAGE COCKS, AIR COCKS and all kinds of
BRASS WORK,
FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.
Parties wishing any thing in the above line will do well to examine and price our stock before sending to San Francisco.
C. H. MYERS,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, Retail Shop
Jan3dtf No. 110 First Street Portland

Union Market
South West Corner of Washington and Second Streets
MANN, SCHLOTH & CO., Proprietors.
WILL ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND,
the Best of MEATS OF ALL
VARIETIES and other Articles in their line WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
At Historical Shaft Parties wishing to sell are expected to keep as well as any others in the City, and will give the country friends and all others the same purchasers may desire, as is usual.
Portland Sept 9th 1867 dtf

Newspaper Ink.
200 lbs NEWSINK IN 50 LB KEGS
For Sale by
HENRY L. PITTOCK
No 5 Washington street Portland

BOOK PAPER.
JUST RECEIVED at the Store of 140 and 142
Book Papers For sale Low by
HENRY L. PITTOCK
No 5 Washington street.

Livingstone

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM THE GREAT EX-
PLORER.

The following letter from Dr. Livingstone to Sir Roderick Murchison was read at the meeting of the Geographical Society in London on the 27th of April.

Bemba, 21 Feb. 1867.

My Dear Sir Roderick—This is the first opportunity I have had of sending a letter to the coast and it is by a party of black Arab slave traders from Bagamoyo to Zanzibar. They had penetrated here for the first time and came by a shorter way than we did. In my sketch to Lord Clarendon I gave him a rough geographical report. Because the traders would not stay more than half a day but having written that through the night I persuaded them to give me an hour this morning and if yours is fuller than Hos Lordship's you will know how to manage. I mentioned to him that I could not go round the northern end of the Lake Nyassa because the Johanna men would have fled at the first sight of danger and they did actually flee on the mere report of the acts of the terrible Mazitu at its southern extremity. Had I got them fairly beyond the lake they would have stuck to me but so long as we had vital slave parties passing us they were little to be depended on and they are such inveterate thieves it was quite useless to get rid of them, though my following was reduced thereby to nine African boys. Freedmen from a school at Nassic Bombay. I intended to cross at the middle of the lake but all the Arabs at the crossing station) fled as soon as they heard that the English were coming and the owners of two dhows new in the lake kept them out of sight lest I should burn them as slavers. I remained at the town of Mataka which is on the watershed between the sea coast and the lake and about fifty miles from the latter. There are at least a thousand houses (in the town) and Mataka is the most powerful chief in the country. I was in this district, which extends to the lake from the middle of July to the end of September. He was anxious that some of the liberated boys should remain with him and I tried my best to induce them but in vain. He wished to be shown how to make use of his cattle in agriculture. I promised to try and get some other boys, acquainted with Indian agriculture for him. That is the best point I have seen for an influential station and Mataka showed some sense of right when his people went without his knowledge to plunder a part of the lake. He ordered the captives and cattle to be sent back. Hius was his own spontaneous act and it took place before our arrival but I accidentally saw the strangers. They consisted of 8 women and children, about a dozen boys and 50 head of cattle and calves. I gave him a trinket in memory of his good conduct at which he was delighted for it had not been without opposition that he carried out his orders and he showed the token of my approbation in triumph. Leaving the shores of the lake we ascended to ascend Kirk's range but the people below were afraid of those above and it was only after an old friend, Katosa or Klomussa had turned out with his wives to carry our extra loads that we got up. It is only the edge of a plateau peopled by various tribes of Manganjas, who had never been engaged in slaving, in fact they had driven many a lot of Arab slave-traders back at this point before. The Kanthundu or chimbers live on the mountains that rise out of the plateau. The Chipeta live more on the plains there. The Echewa still further north. We went west among a very hospitable people till we thought we were past the longitude of the Mazitu we then turned north and all but walked into the hands of a murauding party of that people. After a rather zigzag course we took up the point we had left in 1866 or say 30 miles west of Chumanga's crossed the Longwa in 12 deg 45 min S. and sat down in the bed of an ancient lake and after emerging, out of this great hollow we ascended at the plateau of Lobisa at the southern limit of 11 deg S. While we were in the lowlands I could easily supply our party with meat large game being abundant but up on these highlands of the Babisa no game was to be found. The country having been depopulated by the slaving in which the people engaged is now first forest with here and there an wade intervals a miserable handful. The grass is sown in little patches in the forest and the people had nothing to sell. We had now a good deal of actual gnawing hunger, as day after day we trod the slopps dripping forests which yield some wretched wild fruits and lots of mushrooms. A woman can collect a load of half a hundred weight after cooking they pound them into what they call porridge but we ate no: they are good only for producing dreams of roast beef of by gone days. They collect six kinds, and reject about ten some as large as the crown of one's hat. When we got to the Chambeze which was true to the character of the Zambezi in having abundant animal life in its waters we soon got an antelope on its banks. We crossed it on 10 deg 34 min. It was flooded with clear water but the lines of bushy trees which showed its actual banks were not more than forty yards apart. We arrived here (at Bemba) on the last day of January, it is a stockaded village, with three lines of defence the inner one having a deep dry ditch around it. I think of I am not mistaken that we are on the water shed we seek between the Chambeze and Lomyula. I have not a find time to take observations as it is the rainy season and almost always cloudy. But we shall rest a little here and get some fresh meat on our bones. We are all out in degrees ten minutes south thirty-seven degrees fifty minutes east. Altitude about 4 500 feet above the sea. The Lomyula or Lumpula is said to be a very large river, but I hope to send fuller information from Lunganyika. I have done all the hunting myself have enjoyed good health and no touch of fever. I've not lost all our medicine the worst loss of goods I ever sustained so I am hoping it for even more. I send it off by native runaways and trust in the watchful care of a Higher Power. The chief here seems a jolly frank person but unless the country is insecure I don't see the use of his lines of circumvallation. He presented a cow on our arrival and a huge elephant's tusk because I had sat on it. I have no news whatever from the coast since we left it but hoped for letters and our second stock of goods (a small one) at Lupa. I have been unable to send anything either. Some letters I had written in pieces of meeting an Arab slave trader but they all shredded as soon as they heard the English were coming. I could not get any information as to the route followed by the Portuguese in going to Cazembe till we were on the Babisa plateau. It was then pointed out that they had gone to the westward of that which from the Loangwa Valley seems a range of mountains. The makers of maps have placed it (the Portuguese route) much too far to the east. The repetition of names of rivers which is common in this country probably misled them. There are four Loangwas flowing into Lake Nyassa. Would you kindly say to Captain Richards that I had to draw some rifles and ammunition from her Majesty's ship Waye and I shall feel illegal if he takes that right. With kindest regards to Lady Murchison I am ever truly grateful to you. DAVID LIVINGSTONE

Dr. and Mrs. Livingstone arrived in England on the 15th of October. Dr. Livingstone is expected to arrive in London in a few days.

England is selling off her naval vessels for old iron. What they will bring, and the prices paid now that they are estimated by the public only as firewood and old metal.

A Judgment for a Fine is not a Debt provable against the Estate of a Bankrupt

District Court U. S. District of Oregon—March Term 1868. *In Re* Robert S. Harland.

From the certificate of the Register it appears that the State of Oregon proved a debt against the estate of the Bankrupt amounting to $1 194 40. Upon the hearing of the assignee the claim has been set down for examination before the Court.

From the evidence and admissions of the counsel for the State it appears that on the 20th December Term A. D. 1867 two several judgments were given in the Circuit Court of the State for the County of Multnomah sentencing the bankrupt to pay two certain fines and that he became entitled to the same. The bankrupt refused to pay the fines and was committed to the custody of the Sheriff of Multnomah County where he remained for the space of about two days when he was discharged from custody by virtue of a writ of habeas corpus issued by the Circuit Court of the State for the County of Multnomah. The fines were imposed upon the bankrupt as a punishment for crimes of which he had been duly convicted. Indeed a judgment that a party pay a fine in the absence of anything to the contrary must be presumed to have been given as a punishment for the commission of a crime.

The State Act of Jan 25, 1854 provides that "any person convicted in Justice Court may be discharged from imprisonment by the Commissioners of the county if he is unable to pay the fine but such convict shall not thereby be released from the payment of such fine but the same may be collected by execution at any future time." Under this act the bankrupt was duly discharged from imprisonment soon after the judgments were given.

Section 19 of the Act declares "That all debts due and payable from the bankrupt at the time of the adjudication of bankruptcy * * * may be proved against the estate of the bankrupt." Does the term "debt" include a judgment for a fine? Blackstone (3 Com. 418) says the legal acceptation of a fine is a sum of money due by certain and express agreement." This, however is not the legal acceptation of the word. Says the Supreme Court of Massachusetts (3 *Met* 526).

"The word debt in its large import including not only debts of record or judgments and debts of specialty but also obligations under simple contracts to a very wide extent, and in its popular sense includes all that is due to a man under any form of obligation or promise. This view of the subject was approved by Justice Story (2 *Story's R.* 42).

To ascertain then, whether the word debt is here used in the legal or popular sense recourse must be had to the subject matter and the context. Immediately following the general clause of Section 19 concerning debts, as above quoted it is provided that "All demands against the bankrupt for or on account of any goods or chattels wrongfully taken converted or withheld by him may be proved or allowed as debts to the amount if the value of the property so taken or withheld with interest." The section then proceeds to provide for the case of contingent debts and liabilities as well as unliquidated damages upon a contract or promise, and then concludes "No debts other than those above specified shall be proved or allowed against the estate."

From all the provisions of this section it is apparent that the word debt is used in the legal or limited sense. If it were used in the popular sense it would not have been necessary to have specially provided that "demands for goods wrongfully taken etc may be proved or allowed as debts." In the popular sense such demands are debts and would have been included in the preceding clause providing for the proving all debts."

A discharge in bankruptcy releases the bankrupt from all debts which were or might have been proved against his estate (See 34 *B Act*). These fines were imposed upon the bankrupt as a punishment for crimes of which he was convicted. If payable against his estate he may be discharged from the payment of them and from arrest made to enforce such payment.

In effect, it would be allowing the National Government, through its courts to grant pardons for crimes committed against the State. A person convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to pay a fine of a thousand dollars by a discharge in bankruptcy, would be relieved from the punishment inflicted by law for his crime. I do not think that the act while it reasonably admits of any other construction ought to be construed so as to permit or allow such a consequence.

Looking at the letter of the act in the nature of the subject either separately or conjunctively it appears to me, that a judgment for a fine imposed as a punishment for a crime, is not a debt provable against the estate of the bankrupt. Abstractly considered it may be proper that such a judgment should be proved as a debt against the estate for the purpose of receiving any dividend or part payment thereof, without effecting a full discharge of the same. Such a provision is found in section 21 concerning debts created by fraud or embezzlement or by defalcation, while acting as a public officer, or in a fiduciary character. But judgments for fines are not included in this special provision because not enumerated in it.

In the People vs. Spalding (10 *Peige Ch R* 284) it was decided that a discharge under the Bankrupt Act of 1841, did not discharge a party from a judgment for a fine imposed upon him as a punishment for a

The Daily Oregonian

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1868.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

For President:

U. S. GRANT,

of Illinois.

For Vice President:

SCHUYLER COLFAX,

Of Indiana.

For Presidential Electors:

O. JACOBS, of Jackson.
WILSON BOWLEY, of Washington.
A. B. MEACHAM, of Umatilla.

The Political Situation.

Ever since the election in California last fall it has been a work of difficulty for the Union party to maintain its ground in Oregon. The sudden change in that State from 18,000 Union majority to 9,000 Democratic, though brought about mainly by improper management and bad conduct on the part of Union men themselves, could not but have its influence here. There were few who did not feel this at the time, and some who are not compelled to admit it now.

Our majority in this State at the last election was so small as to be practically nothing. We had no margin to go upon. The State is so wide-awake that a majority of new secessionists for the next two years were quite likely to be legalized in it. Then again, it cannot be doubted that some who voted for the Union nominees two years ago voted for Smith in the late election. This number throughout the State is undoubtedly small; but if they would aggregate two or three hundred, they would nearly carry over a good deal of force to the opposite party, at a time when the two parties were on an equipoise and so small a change would turn the scale.

On two points the Democrats have kept up an incessant clamor. They have lost no opportunity to denounce "niggers" and "taxes." On every occasion, and when there was no occasion; at every cross-roads, in the streets and at the market-places, they have banged away with persistent energy on the same old string. Their weightiest argument here has been (to adopt their own style of expression) "nigger!" and on this they have built the main debate of their political principles. Democrats were appalled at the question put to them with such earnest indignation by [illegible] Smith,—"Do you want your wife to marry a nigger?" or,—"Would you allow a nigger to force himself into a seat at church between you and your wife?" and so prevent this undesirable matrimonial alliance, or this unwarrantable trespass upon the rights of Democratic families chancing to attend church. The Democrat has labored early and late for success in the election. We hope it is now settled that the daughters of Oregon will not be either forced or persuaded to marry niggers. And now that the election is over and we cannot be suspected of having anything to gain by the declaration, we take this opportunity of assuring these timid people that their vigorous protest against "negro equality," the monstrous thing which is to be crushed by [illegible] they were voting against, and their all-consuming needless work, as the Congressional policy of reconstruction, which [illegible] the ballot for the negro, never conferred, and can never establish, "negro equality." We must add also that those who [illegible] were voting for the taxation of bonds are equally deceived; for if they should carry every State in the Union they could not do the latter. They might try to do it; but it has been tried before, with what success [illegible] of the country tell.

The Union party worked with a good deal of energy during the canvass, but it worked without adequate organization. Much more could have been done by working in a systematic way. But we find fault with none who acted honestly with us; we only wish to direct to them the supreme necessity of united, determined, organized action in future. The party is too earnest in its belief in [illegible] to be disheartened by a single defeat. We must show ourselves worthy partakers of the spirit of our party brethren in the great Northern States. They are living in the [illegible] ediate presence of the great contest, and are not going to give it up. They mean to win in November. They will surely carry a majority of the electoral votes of the North for GRANT and COLFAX. And to make our victory overwhelming, we shall get the votes of nearly, if not quite, all the late rebel States. Their speedy restoration to the Union is perfectly assured. We now raise the cry, Hurrah for Grant! and we tell our [illegible] that we [illegible] carry Oregon for him against any such candidate as they have declared for, the secessionist, Pendleton.

[illegible] sparring each railroad company, the Union Pacific and Central Pacific, to do its utmost in pushing the road to its meeting place. The Union Pacific has made most progress in [illegible] as we had a plain for a road bed, while Central Pacific, as the Sacramento *Bee* remarks, has made most progress in work actually [illegible] C. Now these relative positions are changed. The Union Pacific has to enter upon its laborious district, while the Central Pacific [illegible] and will soon [illegible] up the distance for the apparent loss of time. [illegible] struggle for trade and above and [illegible] and for the interests of peace and for the advancement of civilization—an effort as to who builds most good in the shortest time! It is pleasing to turn from war and its alarms, from the [illegible] of life and property, to this contest for the creation of national, local and individual wealth. That was a wise provision in the law which set several conflicting interests at work to construct the road, pitting them against each other, and giving each exactly what it earned.

On the 23d of May, a party of travelers returning from California to Owyhee in a wagon, were fired on by Indians between Sheep Ranch and Jordyn's. One of the party, named David Smith, [illegible] mortally wounded, a ball entering his breast and passing out at his side. Another named David Woden received a slight but painful wound. On the same day, as the stage was passing by the same place, it was fired on, and the driver, a young man named Nathan Dixon, instantly killed. There were ten passengers in the stage, none of whom were injured.

Before Mr Johnson's acquittal the New York *World*, in an article upon what he would be likely to do if convicted, declared that he would stump the country,—adding the following left-handed compliment to the intelligence of the South. "He perfectly understands the average Southern mind, and has an unrivalled capacity of talking to its level."

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, SECOND DISTRICT.—The majority for Powell (Union) in Marion county, is reported to be 330. Carl (Democrat) has 286 majority in Linn. Yamhill gives Powell 31 majority and Polk gives Carl 30. It seems pretty certain, therefore, that Powell is elected.

The Boise *Democrat* "has no hesitancy in saying that Grant is now as near the Presidential chair as he ever will be." What a pity the *Democrat* is so remorseless!

ELECTION RETURNS.

Multnomah County.

| PRECINCTS | | |

...on and Commission.

...B. RICHARDSON,
...CTIONEER
...r of Front and Oak Streets

...CTION SALES
...TAK, CROCKERY, GENERAL
...CHANDISE AND HORSES

...s—Wednesday and Saturday.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

...Private Sale.
...REFINED OAK and RUNDLE IRON
...SQUARE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL;
...HORSE, PITCH FORK AND RAKE;
...PRY PANS SHEET IRON & G. IRON.
ALSO
...assortment of CROCKERY & LIQUORS
...A. B. RICHARDSON & Co.

...AND PEREMPTORY SALE
OF
...eries, Furniture,
...eral Merchandise, &c.

...LL ON THE PREMISES, ON FIRST ST.,
...Next to ORO FINO HALL on
...RDAY, JUNE 9TH, 1868,
...At 10 o'clock A. M.
...TWO-STORY HOUSE
...OCCUPIED BY A. WENT ESQ
...are all hard finished and gas and water
...plumbing. The house is situated in good
...repair, and has been Renting for Seventy Five
...Dollars.
ALSO,
...THE AUCTION SALES-ROOM,
...FURNITURE,
...Dining-Room,
...Bed Room and
Kitchen Furniture.
...ROCKERS.
...packs DOG FISH OIL
ALSO,
...boxes ADAMANTINE CANDLES,
...boxes WAX do
ALSO,
...cases COAL OIL,
ALSO
...boxes CHOICE JAPAN TEA;
...chests YOUNG HYSON TEA,
ALSO
...boxes O. O. SOAP
...boxes FAMILY SOAP,
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

...CIAL SALE
...OF
...RNITURE!
...ILL ON THE PREMISES, AT RESIDENCE
...OUSE, cor of Fourth and Washington streets,
...UESDAY JUNE 9TH, 1868,
...At 10 o'clock A. M.
...or Furniture.
...ITIAN MAHOGANY SOFA
...CHAIRS
...WHATNOT
...ROCKING CHAIR.
...(40) YARDS BRUSSELS CARPET.
ALSO
...MOST HIGHLY TABLES;
...RED. CASTORS, SPOONER & FORKS,
ALSO
...SET OF TOILETTE OF CROCKERY;
ALSO,
...Spring Mattresses;
...SKIRTS, SHEETS & PILLOW SLIPS
ALSO,
...KING FURNITURE:
...A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

...CTION SALE
OF
...ARD TABLES.
...ENT ON THE PREMISES AT THE
...T-ROOMS
...UESDAY JUNE, 11TH, 1868,
...o'clock A. M.
...CO. OM TABLES,
...ery Balls, Cues and Tool Rack complete.
...O A STYLE.
...SET POCKET TA...
...ish Ivory Balls and Cues complete.
ALSO,
...THE FOUR-POCKET TABLE,
...A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

...CAUTION!
...BOOTS AND SHOES
MANUFACTURED BY THE
...CIFIC TANNERY
...CO., AND SHOE COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.,
...STABILITY, SHAPE AND COMFORT,
...which are frequently made to pass off inferior
...or worse. DEALERS and the PUBLIC are
...EXAMINE CAREFULLY BEFORE PUR-
...AND BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMI-
MANUFACTURED
BY THE
...IFIC TANNERY
AND
...ER, AND SHOE COMPANY.
...rade Supplied at a Liberal Dis-
...and Odd Sizes furnished. ap8d3p3m

...ARI—ES OR MISERY!
...IS THE QUESTION!
...PROPRIETORS OF THE "PACIFIC
...OF ANATOMY AND SCIENCE"
...tained, regardless of expense, to issue FREE
...GIFT of suffering humanity) Four of their most
...and Instructive Lectures on Man's ... and its
...tions Nervous Debility, Premature Decline
...d, Indigestion, Weakness or Dyspepsia, Loss
...and Total Prostration of the Great Social Evil, and
...dies which result from Youthful Indiscretion,
...Ignorance of Physiology and Ma-
...Also, on receiving twenty five cents in
...by addressing "Secretary Pacific Mu-
...tomy and Science at the Eureka Theatre,
...San Francisco." Letters to be post
...Box 2... & Co.

...ALIS & DALTAM,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
...AND WILLOW WARE
...shes, Twines, Cordage, &c.,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
...PANS, TUBS, WASHBOARDS, &c.,
...and 217 Sacramento St.,
SAN FRANCISCO,
...Agents for ... New York.
...mh13d3p3m

...TWORTH, HOBART & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
...Women's, Misses' and Children's
...OOTS AND SHOES,
of all descriptions
...OFFER TO THE TRADE THE POPULAR
...IFORNIA SCREWED BOOT,
...ble article ever before offered
...OOTS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED
...SHOOK—323 California St.
...HOBART, DUNBAR & CO.
...Y, 710 Pine Street, San Francisco, Cal
mh12d3m2p

...RBROOK, MERRILL & CO.,
...Tin Plate, Sheet Iron,
...PIPE, PUMPS, ZINC, WIRE
...HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE
...acturers of Tin Sheet Iron and
Copper Ware.
...3 and 15 Front Street San Francisco
176 and 178 J Street Sacramento,
...Main Street Austin, Nevada.

...LIARD TABLES FOR SALE.
...BILLIARD TABLES IN GOOD ORDER,
...ale. Call soon if you want a
CHAS. B. RICHARDT
...Corner Stark and Second sts
...May 2... 1868 d1f

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1868

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rate ... "1 a2
New York Gold Quotations ... 14

AN OREGON PATENT WANTED.—Mr. Ive. Mr. A. J. Johnson, who has the agency for the State of Oregon for the sale of rights exhibited in our office yesterday, as of Bryon's Universal Wash ing Machine, left last Monday for Grove City. This machine can not only be used in the farm houses, but in the public laundries, and will do the washing in the latter establishments in one hour, at a considerable less cost than it can be done by hand. In the first place it is well made, and is very simple in its construction, so much so that it is not liable to get out of order. It will wash any article of clothing in the machine in the time that the first one was put in, and will wash a large number of articles at one time. The principle of washing is the reducing them to a state of suds by the rubbing of the lowest articles against the upper ones, and the consequent friction of the clothes in the machine is the cause of the "economy" but the little heavy articles, such as bed clothing, &c., will be washed in one of the machines, and will be washed in one of the machines, and will be washed in one of the machines, and

Bachelor Brown's Courtship

Bachelor Brown had lived a bachelor for forty years and had declared his intentions of continuing in the remainder of his life single as to the satisfaction of his friends the Hinkles with whom he had lived for many years known Uncle Richard ever with a small half smile and the Hinkles were the only relatives he had and his visits to Mrs Hinkle were a source of unmixed pleasure to the whole family circle for he was a favorite with old and young but more especially with the children

He was very obliging wonderfully so in most respects He would attend to anything for anybody match ribbons when asked to also could escort the girls to places of amusement—go dutifully to church with their mamma—attend to marketing and the posting of letters and the gas meter and the turning off of the water in frosty weather He was always ready to search the house with a pistol at the dead of night when any one heard a noise

He went to the dentist with people who wanted their teeth drawn and always seemed to have sugar plums in his pocket But one thing Cousin Richard would not do and that was to exhibit the least sign of politeness to lady visitors

He never saw any home He never even spent the evening in their company He invariably shut himself up in his own room and had his tea there when one of these individuals was reported to be in the house and when traveling, had been known in a train to shut his eyes tight when a young lady entered and remained with them closed until she left the carriage As a general thing indeed he always left a carriage where he need not be intruded upon

"It will suit as well after all," said Mrs Hinkle, "for it was a peculiarly nice quiet agreeable day Mr H., when he found the pleasant party of young Miss Smith and Miss Jones had imposed upon himself! He regarded the two Cousin Dicks though as I have told him so It would not have been safe to provoke him, and if any thing could have decided Bachelor morality it would be to resent upon his offspring any slight done to the softer sex

However a day came at last which set the house in commotion

Miss Amanda Dove had been invited to spend a week with the Hinkles, and Miss Dove being a stranger was to wait at the station until some one came for her in a carriage.

The Hinkles resided some miles out of town, and had not occupied the residence for many months so that people were not always properly attended by the neighbors

It was decided that Mr. Hinkle should escort Miss Dove, but before the day of her arrival a business had called that gentleman to Sheffield Moreover Mrs Hinkle had the influenza, and the two boys were at a skating school No one was to be found to drive, and neither Rose nor Adelaide could handle the reins Miss Dove was to come at once, said what would she think of them if no one came for her

"Indeed," says Mrs Hinkle, 'it would be a shocking treatment for the dear girl. I must ask your cousin Richard"

"You never dare, ma," said Rose aghast

"In such a case, you know—" said Mrs Hinkle.

"He'll not do it," said Adelaide

"Of course not," said Rose

Mrs. Hinkle shook her head.

"I fear he will not" she said, and, assuming an expression that would have done credit to Joan of Arc, mounted the stairs to Cousin Richard's study.

"Are you busy, Richard?" she asked as she unlocked.

"Not at all—sit down," said Bachelor Brown,

"No I see how ill I am," said Mrs Hinkle I can hardly hold up my head, much less drive, and Mr Hinkle is away and the boys are too, and no one can handle the reins save you"

"Well," said Bachelor Brown

"And there is poor Miss Dove at the station with her trunk by this time said Mrs Hinkle, with a gasp

"Ah!" said Bachelor Brown, what a pity!"

Mrs. Hinkle felt she had not begun yet Bachelor Brown could not understand what she wished

"I have a favor a great favor to ask, I know" she said, "but couldn't you just for once do it?"

"Do what, Maria?" asked Bachelor Brown.

"Go for her," said Mrs. Hinkle

"For whom Dove?"

"Yes"

"Oh—no," said Cousin Richard.

"But," began Mrs. Hinkle

"Surely," said the old bachelor, "young ladies—little ones excepted, are my abomination An effected, conceited, absurd, set I never had anything to do with and I never will. No doubt she is quite capable of finding her way here. They all do. I shan't go for her."

"But," while she think of us?" she said

"Don't," said Bachelor Brown "I'll go—and the hands over at Oats place I'll be over for her."

And so he went, but all the hands on Oats place were busy with the hay, which stood in danger from a coming shower Richard returned without the least success.

"A shower, too," said Rose 'Poor dear Amanda, I'll try what I can do with my cousin."

And in the study she spent an hour teasing and worrying without effect

"Let her get lost, said Bachelor Brown No doubt she'd like it And as for hortrunk why can't girls travel with a portmanteau as we do?"

And Rose departed pouting She found Adelaide in an extremely merry mood

"Don't laugh she said," think of poor Amanda.

"I am thinking of her, said Adelaide and cousin Dick shall go I'll tell a fib"

"For shame, ' said Rose

'One ought to make some sacrifice for a friend, ' said Adelaide I'll tell him she's a child He is always good to children

"It will never do," said Mrs Hinkle, he will never forgive you

But Adelaide ran up to cousin's and burst in with an exceedingly theatrical laugh.

"What a mistake!" she said, and so stupid of them all "You think Amanda is a grown up young lady do you not?"

"Isn't she?" asked the bachelor

"As if a child of nine years could be!" said she "Poor little thing"

'Poor little thing indeed said the bachelor, hurrying on his coat and hat Bless me, why didn't you mention it? Poor little girl

And in a few minutes the light wagonette was driving down the road and the Hinkles stood looking after it

'I am half frightened said Rose

So am I, said Adelaide But it's done and cannot be helped now I'll manage to coax him to forgive me and if I can't do it leave a friend in such a position, you know and I didn't say she was a child

Meanwhile Bachelor Brown drove to the station It was a long drive over a bad road but he kept on his way cheerfully He was extremely fond of children

When on reaching the station he saw a group of her presence he grew pale It was she had been lost through his neglect I could never forgive himself He ran hurriedly through his curly hair and [illegible] the ladies' waiting room Only a very much full grown young woman sat there and she retreated The woman who waited on the apartment came out of the book with a curtsy as she saw him and he addressed her

Have you seen a little girl waiting for some one?'

No sir said the woman There were two come down but they are gone

Oh dear oh dear said Bachelor Brown, I hope there is no mistake It is a little Miss Dove and if she is little she is the first I'm entirely to blame If I take it in pieces there's a down

As he after [illegible] words the full [illegible] in the waiting room was struck by the old gentleman in the parlor

Do you feel at all nervous, sir? said the old gentleman after a pause

You expected a young couple? he said

Oh, you are quite young enough sir said the innocent clergyman And I must say the young lady appears a very charming person

Bachelor Brown felt himself blush

Should you think she'd make a good wife? he asked

Undoubtedly, said the clergyman

'And you think a man is—happier for—entering the nuptial state' he inquired

No man can be happy without so doing and it is every man's duty said the old gentleman, believing, every word he said

She is a dear little thing said Mr Brown to himself I never liked a girl so much It is very awkward to explain I won der whether—

But just then Miss Dove entered the room looking angelic, without her bonnet to Mr Brown Bachelor Brown drew her aside

I have something to say to you, Miss Dove, he said

"Dear me" said Miss Dove

"They have made a mistake, said Bachelor Brown They think we are we are the people they expect—a nice young couple you know, about to—

Oh dear do they?" whispered Miss Dove

Yes said Bachelor Brown 'Now it would be very awkward to explain And I like you so much Couldn't you like me to and let him do it for?

Do what Mr Brown? said Amanda

Marry us said Bachelor B

Of course not, said Amanda Well would the Hinkles say?'

"They would be delighted," said Bachelor Brown, growing bolder Then he put his arm around her waist

'I don't know how much about this sort of thing, but you are the only nice girl I ever saw. Please do. I'll be good to you.

'I know you are good, said Amanda 'but'—

But then I am ugly, eh?" asked Richard

'Ah no, not all '

Well?'

'It would be so odd "

Well said Bachelor Brown that is my fault and they know I am odd, my dear

Four hours after the Hinkles heard the light wagonette drive to the door, and rushed out to greet Amanda

We have been so alarmed' said Mrs. Hinkle

Such a storm, said Rose

Were you frightened? asked Adelaide

But Amanda said nothing

Uncle Richard, too shrank back as though he was afraid of something

Tell them Amanda he said"

No you tell them, Richard said Amanda

The Hinkles listened in amazement

What is the secret to tell? asked Mrs Hinkle

What is all this mystery about

And cousin Richard answered sheepishly 'Nothing, only we have been getting married This is my wife, Mrs Brown."

It was the only explanation ever offered The Hinkles never comprehended it It was a mystery to them, and though they were profuse in their congratulations and always continued the best of friends the fracas which might have been Rose's or Adelaide's rather troubled Mrs Hinkle, and she always declared in secret family councils that she was perfectly sure Uncle Richard married out of spite to punish Adelaide for the trick she played upon him

Willamette Lodge No. 2, F. & A M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the Island 3d Mondays of each month at o'clock P M Brethren in good standing are invited to attend ap11tf By order of W M

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O O. F—Meets every Friday evening at o'clock in Stark's building third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the Order are invited t attend By order o N G Portland, February 18 1868 dtf

Samaritan Lodge No 4, I O O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock in Stark's building, third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend By order of N G Feb 4 1868 dtf

Minerva Lodge No 10, I O O F (German)—Meets every Monday evening at ½ o'clock in Stark's building, third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the Order are invited to attend By order of N G Portland March 11th 18 8 dtf

A THRILLING INCIDENT

In the mission life of Mrs Ingalls in Burmah as told in the 'Baptist Messenger' relating how she was sent for to visit one of the Budhist high priests who had been nearly killed, and how while in the most holy place in their temple where none but the priests had ever before been admitted she was permitted under the [illegible] to enter [illegible] the sacred vessels which are [illegible] there and even overturn [illegible] offering also to cast all their [illegible] into the sea [illegible] Sam Kiler called by the Gods successfully heal the most distressing diseases [illegible] Rev J E Ingalls M and many others [illegible] Western Canada Dakota and [illegible] Sam Kiler 2 2 2 2